

Topic 15 Homework (Due Tuesday 5/31)

1. $f(x) = -x^2 + 1$
- Using an interval of width 0.5, sketch $f(x) = -x^2 + 1$ from $x = -2$ to $x = 3$ with lower bound rectangles (to compute minimum areas) and sketch a second copy of $f(x) = -x^2 + 1$ from $x = -2$ to $x = 3$ with upper bound rectangles (to compute maximum areas). Note, some rectangles will have a height of zero.
 - Estimate the **minimum**, the **maximum** and the **average** signed areas under $f(x) = -x^2 + 1$ from $x = -2$ to $x = 3$ using function values and your sketches from part a).
 - How good of an estimate of the signed area from $x = -2$ to $x = 3$ do you think your average estimate is? Is your estimate a little too big or a little too small? Explain.
 - Use calculus to exactly determine the signed area under $f(x) = -x^2 + 1$ from $x = -2$ to $x = 3$. Use integral notation.
 - Use integrals and algebra to find a positive value of a so that the signed area under $f(x) = -x^2 + 1$ from $x = 0$ to $x = a$ is zero (no credit for guessing).
2. $f(x) = -x(x+3)(x-2)$
- Completely multiply out $f(x) = -x(x+3)(x-2)$.
 - Compute the antiderivative of $f(x)$.
 - Draw a careful sketch of $f(x)$ and then, for each part, answer the following:
Should the signed area be positive or negative?
 - From $x = -3$ to $x = 0$?
 - From $x = 0$ to $x = 2$?
 - From $x = 2$ to $x = 4$?
 - From $x = -3$ to $x = 4$?
 - Using calculus, compute each of the following:
 - $\int_{-3}^0 f(x) dx$
 - $\int_0^2 f(x) dx$
 - $\int_2^4 f(x) dx$
 - $\int_{-3}^4 f(x) dx$