## Question 1

Without using a calculator, determine

$$
1+7 \times\left(3^{5} \div 3^{3}+1\right)-8 \div 2
$$

## Question 1 Solution

$$
1+7 \times\left(3^{5} \div 3^{3}+1\right)-8 \div 2=67
$$

## Question 2

Sketch the multiplication $12 \times 11$ using base 10 pieces in the array model, then show the corresponding four-partial products and how they relate to your sketch.

## Question 2 Solution

Given is the array with the four-partial products

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$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10 \times 10=100 \\
& 10 \times 1=10 \\
& 2 \times 10=20 \\
& 2 \times 1=2 \\
& 12 \times 11=100+10+20+2
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 3

How many units are in $3201_{\text {five }}$ ?

## Question 3 Solution

There are 426 units in $3201_{\text {five }}$ Since

$$
\begin{aligned}
3201_{\text {five }} & =3(5)^{3}+2(5)^{2}+0(5)+1(1) \\
& =426
\end{aligned}
$$

## Question 4

Sketch the base five pieces corresponding to the problem $421_{\text {five }}-232_{\text {five }}$. Show all regroupings. Write the answer as a base five numeral.

## Question 4 Solution

This is using the comparison model．The pieces outside of the blue box in the fourth step represent our number．As a base five numeral the answer is

## $134_{\text {five }}$ ．

What We Start With


羋 曹 贔品
Step 3：Replace one flat with 4 longs and 5 ones


Step 2：Group together like pieces


Step 4：Put Remaining Like Pieces in the Box


## Question 5

Write 2785 in base 9

## Question 5 Solution

$2785=3734_{\text {nine }}$.
Since $2785=3(729)+7(81)+3(9)+4(1)$

## Question 6

What are the digits in base 9 ?

## Question 6 Solution

$$
0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8
$$

## Question 7

Are the whole numbers closed under subtraction? If not, give an example showing how this property fails.

## Question 7 Solution

The whole numbers are not closed under subtraction if we try to subtract any two arbitrary whole numbers. For example $1-3=-2$. -2 is not a whole number. Subtraction is closed if we require that we only subtract smaller numbers from larger numbers.

## Question 8

Give an example of the commutative property for multiplication.

## Question 8 Solution

(2) $(3)=6$
(3)(2) $=6$

So, (2)(3) = (3)(2).
Any example which illustrates that order doesn't matter works.

## Question 9

Make a sketch of $12 \div 3$ showing the "sharing" model of division

## Question 9 Solution

## Start with 12



Break up into Units


Put the Units into Three Equally Sized Groups


## Question 10

Make a word problem for $12 \div 3$ that demonstrates the "measurement" model of division.

## Question 10 Solution

I have 12 pieces of candy I would like to give 3 pieces to as many people as possible. To how many people can I give 3 pieces of candy?

## Question 11

Consider the question "I have 72 pencils. My brother has 65. How many more pencils do I have?" What operation is being performed? Which concept of that operation does this model?

## Question 11 Solution

This is the comparison model of subtraction.

## Question 12

Use the array model of division for $224 \div 16$ using your base 10 pieces.

## Question 12 Solution

We get $224 \div 16=14$
We begin with 224.


Now we need to turn this into a rectangle with a height of 16 . To do this we turn 1 flat in 10 longs and 2 longs into 20 ones.


