A deck of 300 cards is numbered with whole numbers from 1 to 300, with each card having just one number. How many of these cards do not have a 4 printed on them?

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First count how many cards contain a 4. Between 1 and 100, the cards containing 4s are 4, 14, 24, 34, 40, 41, .,49, 54, 64, 74, 84, 94. This is 19 cards. There are also 19 cards containing 4s between 100 and 200, and 19 between 200 and 300. So there are 300-19-19-19 = 243 cards that do not contain 4s.

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Write down the set notation indicating the shaded region.



Question 2 Solution

$(B \cup C) \cap A'$

Sketch a three-circle Venn diagram that accurately represents the following set relationships:

$$A \ \subset \ B, \ C \
ot \subseteq \ B,$$
 and $A \cap C \
ot = \emptyset$

Question 3 Solution



Determine if the conclusion is valid. Justify your answer using the ideas of converse, inverse or contrapositive.

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<u>Premises</u>

- > The alarm rings when we eat French fries.
- The alarm is ringing

<u>Conclusion</u> We ate French fries.

Question 4 Solution

Invalid-the conclusion uses the converse which is invalid

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Sketch a Venn diagram to determine whether the conclusion follows logically from the premises.

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Premises

- All Heridians are Zeridians.
- Some Zeridians like marshmallows.

<u>Conclusion</u> Some Heridians like marshmallows.

Question 5 Solution



 $H{=}Heridians, Z{=}$ Zeridians, $M{=}$ "People who like marshmallows" . The marshmallow circle must overlap the Zeridian circle because of our premise, but I can draw that and still not overlap the Heridian circle so it is possible that there are no Heridians who like marshmallows so the conclusion is invalid.

Is the following sequence arithmetic, geometric, or neither? In either case what comes next?

295, 250, 205, 160, _____

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Question 6 Solution

Arithmetic, 115

Is the following sequence arithmetic, geometric, or neither? In either case what comes next?

$$-12, -7, 0, 9, _$$

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Question 7 Solution

Neither, 20



Is the following sequence arithmetic, geometric, or neither? In either case what comes next?

3, 18, 108, 648, _____

(ロ)、(型)、(E)、(E)、 E) の(の)

Question 8 Solution

Geometric, 3888

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\label{eq:second} \begin{array}{l} \mathsf{T} = \mathsf{triangle}, \ \mathsf{H} = \mathsf{hexagon}, \ \mathsf{S} = \mathsf{square} \\ \mathsf{Figure 1: } \mathsf{T} \\ \mathsf{Figure 2: } \mathsf{TH} \\ \mathsf{Figure 3: } \mathsf{THSS} \\ \mathsf{Figure 4: } \mathsf{THSST} \\ \mathsf{Figure 5: } \mathsf{THSSTH} \end{array}
```

A. Assuming the pattern continues, what comes next?

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B. How many squares in the 151st figure?

Question 9 Solution

- A. Figure 6: THSSTHSS
- B. The 151st figure has 100 squares

List Polyas 4 steps for problem solving



Question 10 Solution

1. Understand the Problem

- 2. Make a Plan
- 3. Carry Out the Plan
- 4. Look Back

Shade a three circle Venn Diagram to represent

 $(A \cap B') \cup C$



Question 11 Solution

 $(A \cap B') \cup C$

