ARTICLE 8C: REVIEWS FOR PROMOTION TO FULL PROFESSOR

Article 8C establishes procedures for reviews for promotion to Full Professor for faculty on the tenuretrack. For Assistant Professors, tenure and promotion to Associate Professor are integrally linked and covered in Article 8B. In Article 8C, the term "promotion" refers to promotion to Full Professor. Within their initial hire letter, faculty who are hired at the rank of Associate Professor will be notified of a schedule for review for promotion to Full Professor.

Section 1. Purpose of Faculty Reviews

The granting of tenure and promotion is the most critical decision the University makes in support of continued academic integrity. Promotion reviews occur when faculty seek advancement to Full Professor.

Promotion to Full Professor recognizes faculty accomplishment and growth, and signals readiness for elevated contributions to the university and profession.

Section 2. Standards

Achievement of the standards associated with promotion is an academic judgment made by Personnel Review Committees (Divisional and, if appropriate, University), Deans, Provost, and the President. Length of service is not, in itself, sufficient justification for promotion.

Standard for Promotion to Full Professor

Those who seek promotion to Full Professor are expected to meet the standard of exemplary and sustained teaching/librarianship effectiveness, and provide depth of evidence that reflects the accomplishments of a mature teacher/librarian.

Those who seek promotion to Full Professor are expected to meet the standard of sustained engagement in their field of scholarship.

Those who seek promotion to Full Professor are expected to meet the standard of leadership and/or impact of service on the institution.

Section 3. Resources for Continuing Faculty, Tenured Faculty, and Faculty Seeking Promotion

The University supports faculty in understanding expectations and procedures, and in planning for and documenting their accomplishments in pursuit of continuation, tenure and/or promotion.

- The Division Chair, or designee, will assist faculty in finding answers to questions they have about expectations and procedures related to review;
- Each year, tenure-track faculty submit an Annual Faculty Report to their Division Chair by June 30. Annual Faculty Reports include, at a minimum, an updated CV, a summary of accomplishments during the past year, a summary of progress towards meeting previously stated goals, and new goals for the coming year.
- The Division Chair will review the Annual Faculty Report and use it to support faculty in meeting teaching/librarianship, scholarship and service requirements.

Section 4. The Faculty Review File and Evidence Presented for Faculty Review

Tenure-track faculty are responsible for teaching/librarianship, scholarship and service, and are expected to provide, in their Faculty Review File, evidence of accomplishment in each area.

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A. Contents of Faculty Review File

All Review Files must, at a minimum, include:

- A current Curriculum Vitae (CV);
- Annual Faculty Reports since the previous review period;
- A report from at least one peer observation of classroom or online teaching for the most recent review period;
- Data from the mutually agreed upon student course evaluation instrument (SCEI*), provided by the University.
- For Library Faculty review files, peer and supervisor evaluations in core areas of librarianship should be submitted instead of the peer observation report and SCEI data.

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B. Evidence Presented for Faculty Review

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1. Evidence of effective teaching includes:

• List of classes taught by term during review period;

• Teaching Philosophy;

- Presentation of and reflection on sample syllabi from a range of courses over time (including content, organization and methods of evaluation) to demonstrate evolution of approach;
- Exams, major assignments and other assessment methods from a range of courses;
- Original instructional materials;
- Contributions to course design, development, or improvement;
- Examples of curriculum redesigns and refinements over time;
- Reflections on evidence of teaching effectiveness (i.e., impact of teaching on student learning and achievement);
- Peer and supervisor evaluation and observation reports;
- Comparative data from the mutually agreed upon student course evaluation instrument (SCEI), provided by the University;
- Professional development and updating skills and knowledge related to instruction;
- Reflections on mentoring and oversight of student scholarship or service learning;
- Additional evidence of instructional success.
- *Any survey not mutually agreed upon, along with any results/data derived from such
 questions and surveys, is not to be used for purposes of official review unless a member
 chooses to include it.

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2. Evidence of effective librarianship includes:

- Peer and supervisor evaluations in core areas of librarianship;
- Programmatic documents and contributions to library products and services;
- Sample instructional materials;
- Data from student or faculty ratings of performance in core areas of librarianship;
- Reflections on evidence of impact of librarianship on student learning and academic success;
- Reflections on evidence of impact of librarianship on faculty scholarship;
- Evidence of professional development and updating of skills and knowledge;

- Personal philosophy of librarianship;
- Examples of innovations and improvements in provision of library services and products over time.

3. Evidence of scholarship

In the spirit of Boyer's Scholarship Reconsidered (1990), one's "scholarship" may be manifested in one or more of the following venues:

- Scholarship of discovery investigative research and creative work of faculty in liberal, visual and performing arts;
- Scholarship of integration scholarship connecting within and between disciplines;
- Scholarship of application study of real world or societal problems;
- Scholarship of teaching instructional and classroom research;

Regardless of the type of scholarship, all members' work is carefully assessed, with intellectual rigor and excellence, the yardstick by which all four types of scholarship are measured.

While scholarship can look quite different across members, it cannot be absent as it is the core of academic life. All members must be knowledgeable of developments in their fields, remaining professionally active. All members will be held to the highest standards of integrity in every aspect of their work.

a. The *Scholarship of Discovery* refers to the search for new knowledge and answers the questions: "What is to be known? What is yet to be found?"

Evidence for this type of scholarship may include scholarly and creative activities that involve clear goals, preparation, appropriate methods, results, and presentation on the part of the faculty as indicated by: a published book, scholarly monograph, article, book review, or essay, performed work or practice in the fine arts; a paper presented at a scholarly meeting at regional, national or international levels; creation of a process, machine, composition that leads to a patent; creation of a scholarly, artistic or scientific procedure or method; state, regional, national, or international recognition as a scholar in an identified area; and positive peer evaluations of the body of work.

b. The *Scholarship of Integration* refers to serious disciplined work that seeks to interpret, draw together and bring new insight to bear on original research including interdisciplinary connections.

Evidence for such scholarship may include interpretation of original research; the authoring or coauthoring of peer-reviewed publications of research, policy analysis, case studies, and integrative reviews of the literature; interdisciplinary grant awards or presentations; policy papers designed to influence organizations and governments; first research at the boundaries where field converge; and the illumination of knowledge into a larger context including the education of non-specialists.

c. The Scholarship of Application moves the scholar towards engagement answering the

question - How can knowledge be responsibly applied to consequential problems?

Evidence for such scholarship may include the application of one's academic expertise to problems affecting individuals, institutions, or society; peer-reviewed publications of research, case studies, or technical applications, grant awards in support of practice; state, regional, national, or international recognition as a master practitioner; and professional certifications, degrees, and other specialty credentials.

d. The *Scholarship of Teaching and Learning* involves planning, assessing, and modifying one's teaching and applying to it the same exacting standards of evaluation that are used in research.

Evidence for such scholarship may include peer-reviewed publications of research related to teaching methodology or learning outcomes; case studies related to teaching-learning; learning theory development; and development or testing of educational models or theories; accreditation or other comprehensive program reports; successful applications of technology to teaching and learning; state, regional, national, or international recognition as a scholar in an identified area; published textbooks or other learning aids; grant awards in support of teaching and learning; outcome studies or evaluation/assessment programs; and presentations related to teaching and learning.

4. Evidence of service

 Service refers to both institutional service (collegiality, service, and leadership within the department, college, and/or institution) and professional service (engagement and leadership within the community, government, or private organizations as well as professional organizations). All faculty are expected to be involved in institutional service and to demonstrate such accomplishments.

Section 5. Preparation and Submission of Faculty Review File

Promotion reviews are initiated by the faculty member's timely submission of their Faculty Review File as described by this Article. Faculty are responsible for preparing and submitting their Review Files according to University and Division procedures. Review Files must address the standard for Full Professor (Section 3, above), and provide evidence of performance and accomplishment (Section 4, above).

Members with assignments in more than one academic Division are responsible for Review File submission in all areas of assignment. All records relevant to consideration for promotion and/or tenure, including recommendations, will be sent to the member's primary tenure home DPRC, which will act in accordance with the provisions of this Article. The recommendation of the member's primary division will prevail.

Members are responsible for submitting files to their Division Chair by the 4th Friday in October.

Extensions of the above deadline may be granted by the appropriate college dean upon written request. If an extension is granted, the due date of the Review File from the DPRC to the Dean will be delayed to no later than the second Friday in February.

Section 6. Additional Procedures

Members:

- Will receive written copies of reviews at every level in a timely fashion;
- Will meet with their divisional DPRC or its representatives to receive and discuss the review in a timely fashion;
- Have the right to provide a rebuttal to any review within 10 days of receipt of the review; the rebuttal becomes a permanent part of the file;
- Have the right to withdraw their application for promotion at any time during the review process.
- Have the right to grieve violations of procedures related to promotion review.

Section 7. Reviews that Indicate Faculty Member Does Not Meet Expectations

If a review for promotion to Full Professor finds that the faculty member does not meet expectations in any area(s) identified in Appendix G, including collegiality, the University will provide the member a written report containing explicit suggestions, guidelines and a timeframe for improvement. The Provost will provide the DPRC with copies of the deans and provost level letters. Subsequent reviews will assess whether adequate improvements have been made in the areas identified and the time frame specified.

Section 8. University Responsibilities to the Promotion Process

A. Planning and Orientation

All divisions will provide their faculty with written guidance regarding: (1) the unique, area-specific expectations or standards for teaching/librarianship, scholarship and service within the division, and (2) any specific types of documentary evidence of performance reflecting the requirements of Article 8C, Section 4 above;

Division chairs will identify, confirm, and notify the DPRC and college dean, in writing, by June 30 of all members of the division eligible for and pursuing promotion in the upcoming academic year.

Early in the fall term, the Provost reviews the purpose and intent of review at each stage, the roles and responsibilities of the Personnel Review Committees, the timelines and review criteria and address questions on any of the University's faculty review policies with academic deans, division chairs, chairs and members of the various Personnel Review Committees, and representatives from the Union.

B. Convening Personnel Review Committees

1. Division Personnel Review Committee

Each academic year, each division will establish a Personnel Review Committee comprised of the Division Chair and a representative group of at least two additional tenured members. The Division Chair will serve as a voting and participating member of the DPRC, but will recuse themselves from discussion or voting on their own applications. Members who are applying for promotion must abstain from service on the DPRC in the year their own application for

 promotion is being reviewed. If the Division cannot seat at least three members of the DPRC, the Dean will ask the Division faculty to recommend tenured faculty from other Divisions to serve as an outside member of the DPRC. The Dean will make the final appointment of outside members to the DPRC.

2. University Personnel Review Committee

Overview. Each academic year, the University will establish a University Personnel Review Committee comprised of one member from each unit in the university that has a unit-level Personnel Review Committee. The UPRC reviews and provides recommendations on applications for promotion and tenure.

Eligibility to serve. Membership on the UPRC is restricted to tenured faculty. To avoid conflicts of interest, no one who is being considered for promotion or tenure will serve on the UPRC. No Division Chair may serve on the UPRC. While the UPRC may include members of a DPRC, each division is encouraged to elect a representative to the UPRC who is not a member of that division's DPRC so as to minimize recusals.

Recusal. UPRC members who served on a particular faculty applicant's DPRC will abstain from voting on or discussing the specific case but may be called upon to clarify expectations appropriate to the particular discipline or division.

Selection of representatives. Each division will elect a representative to the UPRC. The division chair will announce as early as possible in the fall term who is eligible to serve on the UPRC, after which the division's faculty will vote to select their UPRC representative.

UPRC Chair. The UPRC will provide a recommendation to the Provost regarding the appointment of a UPRC member to the role of Chair of the UPRC. The appointment of the chair will be made by the Provost, in consultation with the Deans and the President. The Chair is responsible for convening and facilitating meetings, and ensuring that notification of UPRC recommendations as described in this article are completed in a timely fashion. The UPRC chair may be eligible for a course release during the Winter term.

C. Review and Transmission of Faculty Review Files and Recommendations

The University conducts reviews at these levels:

- Level 1: Division Personnel Review Committee (DPRC)
- Level 2: College Dean
- Level 3: University Personnel Review Committee (UPRC)
- Level 4: Provost
- Level 5: President

Each review is independent and considers the recommendations at previous level(s). At each level of review, the member receives written notification of the level's recommendation concurrent with the review's transmittal to the next level, if applicable. Applicant faculty members are notified of the

final result of the review by the end of the 4th week in May of each academic year.

1. Level 1 Review: Division Personnel Review Committee

Review. The DPRC will review the Faculty Review File, in the context of divisional guidance that may be provided per Article 8C, Section 10A and all prior recommendations at all levels of review. The review will apply the CBA's standards for faculty performance in teaching, service and scholarship and collegiality.

Recommendation. The DPRC will write a letter that reflects upon evidence of the member's attainment of the standard for Full Professor. The letter may: describe the member's strengths in the areas of teaching/librarianship, scholarship, and service; provide explicit suggestions for areas needing improvement; and assess progress made since prior reviews. The letter will conclude with a recommendation to the appropriate college dean, and be accompanied by the completed form in Appendix G. The letter will refer to appropriate supporting evidence provided in the applicant faculty member's Review File.

Conference. Prior to transmitting the Review File to the Dean, the DPRC or its representatives will provide the member with a written copy of the review, signed by all DPRC members, and meet with the member to discuss it. The Division Chair will prepare a summary of the review conference and present it to the member within ten (10) days of the conference. This summary will be placed in the personnel file in the Provost's office and forwarded to the Dean and the Provost via the member's PRC binder. The member will sign the report to acknowledge receiving it.

Transmission of the file. The DPRC will transmit its recommendation and the Review File to the Dean by the 3rd Friday in December.

2. Level 2 Review: Dean

Review. In their independent review, the Dean considers all issues relating to procedures and academic judgment. The Dean will review the Faculty Review File, in the context of divisional guidance that may be provided per Article 8C, Section 10A and all prior recommendations at all levels of review. The review will apply the CBA's standards for faculty performance in teaching, service and scholarship and collegiality.

Recommendation. The Dean will write a letter that reflects upon evidence of the member's attainment of the standard for Full Professor. The letter may: describe the member's strengths in the areas of teaching/librarianship, scholarship, and service; provide explicit suggestions for areas needing improvement; and assess progress made since prior reviews. The letter will conclude with a recommendation to University Personnel Review Committee and the Provost, and be accompanied by the completed form in Appendix G. The dean's letter will refer to appropriate supporting evidence provided in the applicant faculty member's Faculty Review File.

Conference. Prior to transmitting the file to the Provost, the Dean will provide the member with a written copy of the review, signed by the Dean and will meet with the member to discuss it prior to the required deadline.

Transmission. The Dean will transmit their recommendation and the Review File to the Provost for distribution to the UPRC by the 4th Friday in January.

3. Level 3 Review: University Personnel Review Committee

Review. In its independent review, the UPRC considers all issues relating to procedures and academic judgment. The UPRC will review the Faculty Review File, in the context of divisional guidance that may be provided per Article 8C, Section 10A and all prior recommendations at all levels of review. The review will apply the CBA's standards for faculty performance in teaching, service and scholarship and collegiality.

Recommendation. The UPRC will write a letter that reflects upon evidence of the member's attainment of the standard for Full Professor. The letter may: describe the member's strengths in the areas of teaching/librarianship, scholarship, and service; provide explicit suggestions for areas needing improvement; and assess progress made since prior reviews. The letter will conclude with a recommendation to the Provost, and be accompanied by the completed form in Appendix G. The UPRC's letter will refer to appropriate supporting evidence provided in the applicant faculty member's Faculty Review File.

Transmission. The UPRC will transmit the file and its recommendation to the Provost by 2nd Friday in March. Concurrent with transmitting the file to the Provost, the UPRC will provide the member with a written copy of the review signed by the UPRC Chair.

4. Level 4 Review: Provost

Review. In their independent review, the Provost considers all issues relating to procedures and academic judgment. The Dean will review the Faculty Review File, in the context of divisional guidance that may be provided per Article 8C, Section 10A and all prior recommendations at all levels of review. The review will apply the CBA's standards for faculty performance in teaching, service and scholarship and collegiality.

Recommendation. The Provost will write a letter that reflects upon evidence of the member's attainment of the standard for Full Professor. The letter may: describe the member's strengths in the areas of teaching/librarianship, scholarship, and service; provide explicit suggestions for areas needing improvement; and assess progress made since prior reviews. The Provost's letter will refer to appropriate supporting evidence provided in the applicant faculty member's Faculty Review File. The letter will conclude with a recommendation to the President, and be accompanied by the completed form in Appendix G.

Transmission. The Provost will transmit the file and their recommendation by the 4th Friday in April. Concurrent with transmitting the file to the President, the Provost will provide the member with a written copy of the review signed by Provost.

5. Level 5 Review: President

The decision regarding promotion to Full professor is made by the President, taking into consideration the review file and all previous recommendations. Applicants for promotion, along with all prior

review bodies, will be informed of the President's decision in writing by the end of the 4th week in May of the academic year.

Section 9. Eligibility Timelines for Promotion

A. Promotion from Associate to Full Professor

A member may apply for promotion to Full Professor during their fifth year of combined employment as an Associate Professor at WOU and another comparable institution.

B. Early Application for Full Professor

A member may elect to apply one year early for promotion to Full Professor. The notification of intent will be part of the Annual Faculty Report. This report is due to the respective DPRC, Dean and Chair no later than June 30. The member will be evaluated for promotion during the following academic year's review process by the DPRC. Failure to achieve early promotion does not preclude a member from being awarded promotion in a subsequent year following another review.